

**The Articles of Association
of**

THAI UNION GROUP PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED

Section 5

Board of Directors

15. The Company shall have a board of directors comprising at least 5 directors and not less than half of the total number of directors shall reside within the Kingdom of Thailand.
16. The Directors shall be elected by the meeting of shareholders in accordance with the rules and procedures as follows:
 - (1) Each shareholder shall have one vote for each share held;
 - (2) Each shareholder must exercise all his/her voting rights under (1) to elect one or more persons as directors and can not allocate specific percentage of voting rights to any individual director among all the directors participated; and
 - (3) The persons receiving the highest votes in their respective order of the votes shall be elected as directors at the number equal to the number of directors required at that time. In case of equal vote among the persons elected in order of respective high numbers of votes, which number exceeds the required number of directors of the Company at such time, the chairman shall have the casting vote.
17. At every annual general meeting, one-third of the directors shall be retired from directorship. In case the number of directors is not a multiple of three, the number nearest to one-third shall be retired from directorship.

During the first and second years following the Company's registration, the termination of members of Board of Directors shall be determined by drawing lots. Director with longest period of directorship is required to leave in the subsequent years.

18. Apart from retirement by rotation, termination of directorship shall be derived from the following cases:
 - (1) Death;
 - (2) Resignation;
 - (3) Becoming unqualified or illegal pursuant to the law governing public limited company;
 - (4) Shareholders' resolution under Article (21);
 - (5) Order by Court of Justice;
19. Any director who wishes to resign shall submit resignation letter to the Company. Such resignation shall be effective as from the date the Company receives such letter.
20. In the case that any directorship falls vacant for reasons other than by rotation, the Board of Directors shall elect substitute director during the next meeting of the Board of Directors provided that such substitute director must be qualified pursuant to the law governing public limited company. With exception, in the case that the remaining term of office of the directorship is less than 2 months, the substitute director shall hold the position only for the remaining term of office of the director whom he or she replaced.

The resolution of the Board of Directors under the foregoing paragraph must contain no less than three-fourth of votes by directors remaining at that time.

21. The shareholders' Meeting may pass a resolution to terminate any director prior to expiration of his or her office term by a majority vote of not less than three-fourth of shareholders, attending the meeting and entitled to vote and the number of shares shall be not less than half of the total shares held by them.

Section 6
Meeting of Shareholders

32. The Board of Directors shall arrange an annual general meeting of shareholders within the period of four months following the end of the Company's fiscal year.

Except for the above-stated meeting of shareholders, other meetings of shareholders shall be recognized as extraordinary general meeting of shareholders.

The shareholders' meeting may be conducted through electronic media as provided in the law governing electronic conferencing. In such a case the head office of the company shall be deemed as the meeting place.

33. In calling a shareholders' meeting, whether in person or via electronic means, the Board of Directors shall issue meeting notice giving details on venue, date, time, agenda and related information with clear objective for each agenda whether for acknowledgement, approval or consideration plus the board's opinion. Such notice shall be sent to shareholders and registrar at least 7 days prior to the meeting and promulgated in daily newspaper for three consecutive days at least 3 days prior to the meeting. The promulgation as such may be done via electronic media instead, in accordance with the criteria prescribed by the Registrar

34. The Meeting of Shareholders must be attended by shareholders in persons or by proxies (if any) not less than 25 in number or not less than a half of total number of shareholders and have an aggregate number of shares not less than one-third of all shares sold to constitute a quorum.

Proxy may be made by electronic means. It must use a secure and reliable method that the proxy is made by the shareholders, in accordance with the rules prescribed by the Registrar.

The shares held by the Company shall not be counted to form a quorum for shareholders' meeting.

35. To make a resolution in any certain issue, each shareholder shall have one vote per each share held. Voting shall be made according to the following criteria:

- (1) In normal case, by a majority vote of the shareholders who attend the meeting and have the right to vote. In case of equal voting, the chairman of the meeting shall have a casting vote; and
- (2) In the following cases, by a vote of not less than three-fourth of the total number of shareholders present at the meeting and entitled to vote;
 - (a) sale or transfer of whole or essential parts of business of the Company to other parties;
 - (b) Purchase or merger and acquisition of other business into the Company's operation; and
 - (c) Entering into, amendment to or termination of rental contract for the Company's whole or essential part of business, assignment of other persons to manage the Company and merger scheme aiming for profit sharing.

36. The following functions should be carried out during an annual ordinary general meeting of shareholders:

- (1) Consideration of the Board of Directors' report on operational results in the past year;
- (2) Consideration and approval for balance sheets;
- (3) Consideration of profit allotment;
- (4) Election of new directors as required by rotation basis;
- (5) Appointment of the Company's independent auditor; and
- (6) Other business.

Voting and counting

- 1) Refer to Article 35 of the Company's Articles of Association, one share equaled one vote.
- 2) Only those disagreed and abstained from voting would be counted and taken for deduction from the total votes of all shareholders who attended the meeting and with vote right. Thus, the meeting could be proceeded smoothly and on time.
- 3) Shareholders who disagreed or abstained from voting shall by clicking the voting menu (Vote) for each agenda that can be voted against or abstain from only one vote.
- 4) When the voting has been submitted. Shareholders will receive a confirmation message which has been submitted.
